Socio-Economic Sciences and Humanities

First Call for Proposals
The management of the SSH theme is split amongst 3 units of Directorate L Science, economy and society. Willingness to strengthen the links between SSH and Science in Society explains for a large part this new structure. Foresight activities under SSH are managed by Directorate C European Research Area – Knowledge-based economy

There are five parts in this presentation covering the SSH work programme

1. **Strategic activities, economic and knowledge economy challenges**
2. **Social challenges, global interactions, indicators**
3. **Governance and citizenship**
4. **Cultural interactions, European diversities and commonalities**
5. **Foresight activities**
Socio-Economic Sciences and Humanities in FP7

Main features (1)

- Collaborative – transnational teams
- Problem-oriented
- Policy-relevant
- Comparative
- Multidisciplinary
- Strong emphasis on dissemination of results
- Integration of gender issues
- A major new focus on: the international /global dimension, humanities, methods of analysis and assessment
Main features (2)

• Emphasis on **new knowledge generation** – Networks of Excellence will not to be funded under this Call

• **ERA-NET and ERA-NET Plus projects** included in the work programme
  - this Call is NOT open to ERA-NET and ERA-NET Plus proposals for which a Special Joint Call for All Themes has been published on December 22, 2006 (deadline: 31/7/07 at 17:00 local Brussels time).

• All topics open to **International Cooperation** BUT no SICA!

• **Indicative budgets** - an average of between 3 and 4 M per topic
Socio-Economic Sciences and Humanities in FP 7

Call facts

- **Call Identifier:** FP7-SSH-2007-1
- **Deadline 1:** 10 May 2007 at 17:00 Brussels local time
  - First contracts to be launched towards the end of 2007
- **Deadline 2:** 29 November 2007 at 17:00 Brussels local time
  - First contracts to be launched in Autumn 2008
- 8 activities are open for the Call, within each of them there are areas and topics - **the Call addresses the topic level**
- **Funding scheme(s)** available are specified for each topic
- **One-stage** proposal submission procedure
- Proposals must **ONLY** be submitted electronically using the Commission’s EPSS system (Electronic Proposal Submission System)
- **Remote evaluation** will be used
- The **Evaluation Criteria** are specified in Annex 2 of the Cooperation Work Programme and in the Guides for Applicants
Financial limits of EC contribution in the funding schemes

- **Collaborative projects:**
  - Small / medium scale focused projects: 0.5 – 1.5 M
  - Large-scale integrating projects: 1.5 – 4.0 M

- **Research for the benefit of specific groups** (CSOs) up to 1 M

  - The above limits of the requested EC contribution constitute eligibility criteria and proposals outside the limits will be excluded from the evaluation process!

- **Coordination and Support Actions:** no specified limits
In addition to the content, indications are included in parenthesis in red font on:

- the deadline *(1st d. or 2nd d.)*
- the types of **funding schemes available** *(l-s p. or sm-s p. or csa)*
  - the possibility to involve **civil society organisations** *(cso)*
- the encouragement to associate **third countries** *(ic)*
1. **Emerging needs** *(1st d., sm-s p.)*
   Highly-innovative, collaborative research projects.

2. **Horizontal measures to support international cooperation** *(1st d., csa)*
   Actions for the development of partnerships between communities.

3. **Measures to support dissemination of research** *(1st d., csa)*
   Specific dissemination actions.

4. **Trans-national co-operation among National Contact Points (NCPs) for Socio-economic sciences and the Humanities** *(1st d., csa)*

5. **ERA-NETs (+)** *(5 M in the joint call)*
Specific Programme

Activity 1: Growth, employment and competitiveness in a knowledge society

“Research will integrate the aspects:

- The changing role of knowledge throughout the economy…
- Economic structures, structural change and productivity issues…
- Institutional and policy questions…”
Work Programme 2007
Activity 1: Growth, employment and competitiveness in a knowledge society

Area 1.1: Changing role of knowledge throughout the economy

1. **Interactions between knowledge, economic growth and social well being (2nd d., l-s p.)**
   Prospective analysis; future outlook of the knowledge society.

2. **Intangible investments and innovation in Europe (1st d., sm-s p.)**
   Understanding and valorisation of impacts; links with knowledge and externalities; role of capital markets.
3. **Impact of internationalisation on Europe’s research and innovation systems** *(1st d., sm-s p., ic)*

“off shoring” R&D; inter-firm knowledge and technology flow; strategies of enterprises, universities, governments; foreign direct investments.
Area 1.2: Structural changes in the European knowledge economy and society

1. **Globalisation and its interaction with the European economy**
   
   *\(2^{nd}\) d., l-s p., ic*

   Measure, forecast the effects of globalisation; international specialisation; relocation of production; EU integration and enlargement.

2. **The implications of developments in the service economy**
   
   *\(1^{st}\)d., sm-s p.*

   Contribution to the economy; service innovation; international trade in services; different categories of services.
Work Programme 2007

Activity 1: Growth, employment and competitiveness in a knowledge society

3. The role of finance in growth, employment and competitiveness in Europe (1st d., sm-s p.)
Relations between finance and growth; financial markets, capital mobility, integration of capital markets. Role of banks and insurances; macro to micro levels.

Area 1.3: Strengthening policy coherence and coordination in Europe

1. Macroeconomic policy, its interactions and coordination with other policies (2nd d., sm-s p.)
European integration; enlargement and Lisbon strategy; modelling tools; macro-micro coordination; policy mix.
Specific Programme
Activity 2: Combining economic, social and environmental objectives

•“To support the societal goal of combining economic, social and environmental objectives and so improve the basis for sustainable development... two interrelated issues:

• How European socio-economic models and those outside Europe have fared in combining the three objectives ...

• Economic and social cohesion between regions and urban and regional development in an enlarged EU...”
Area 2.1: Socio-economic development trajectories

1. Analysing, comparing and evaluating the various societal models in a medium to long-term perspective (2nd d., sm-s p., csa, ic)
   Understanding of the different approaches taken across countries, regions or local communities to combine sustainable development objectives.

2. Trade-offs and synergies between the different aspects of sustainable development (1st d., sm-s p., csa, ic)
   Between economic, social and environmental aspects e.g. types of growth-social cohesion; reduction of emissions-costs; consumption behaviour, quality of life-living environment. Macro micro levels.
Work Programme 2007
Activity 2: Combining economic, social and environmental objectives

3. Development and applications of tools for the assessment of policies and socio-economic forecasting (2nd d., l-s p.)
   Data bases, accounting frameworks (e.g. input/output matrices), models for EU and the world; evaluation of policies and forecast; macro-micro levels; cross-sector issues.

4. Socio-economic factors and actors that shape the « post-carbon » society (2nd d., sm-p.)
   Energy demand; socio-economic, cultural and political factors; environmentally-friendly concept; expectations and needs of the users.
Area 2.2: Regional, territorial and social cohesion

1. **Regional development challenges in an evolving international context**\(^{2nd\text{ d.,sm-s p.,csa}}\)
   Uneven development of regions; regional specialisation; role of knowledge; challenges facing regions e.g. Central Eastern and Southern Europe.

2. **The impact of Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) reforms on Europe’s rural economies**\(^{1st\text{ p.,sm-p.}}\)
   Sustainable development of rural areas and CAP reform in Europe; multifunctional role of agriculture; land use planning and management of natural resources; agriculture and forestry related industries; technology transfer and innovation; social and demographic issues.
Activity 2: Combining economic, social and environmental objectives

3. Social platform on cities and social cohesion (1st d., csa)

Elaboration of a research agenda; different stakeholders and researchers involved in the process. Agenda to be ready for the call covering 2009 budget.
Assessment of the causes and implications of particular key trends in society that have major consequences for European citizens... three major trends:

- **Demographic change** including ageing, fertility and migration...
- **Changes** in the related aspects of life styles, families, work, consumption, health, quality of life (child, youth, disabilities issues)...
- **Cultural interactions** in an international perspective ..."
Area 3.1: Demographic changes

1. The impact of demographic changes in Europe (1st d., sm-s p., csa)

Socio-political, economic and cultural dimensions of demographic ageing. Impact on growth and employment; sustainability of pensions and health systems; lifelong learning.

2. Determinants of birth rates across the European Union (1st d., sm-s p., csa)

Economic, social, cultural and psychological determinants of birth rates; quality of life, family formation, housing, national approaches to family policies.
3. Migration (1st d., sm-s p., ic)

Migration flows; international comparative research; provide policy directions including the Lisbon strategy; new immigration regimes; brain-drain and brain-gain, intergenerational issues.

Area 3.2: Societal trends and lifestyles

1. Youth and social exclusion (1st d., sm-s p., csa)

Causes, processes, changes and prospects; employment, education and training, housing.
Specific Programme

Activity 4: Europe in the World

“To understand changing interactions and interdependencies between world regions... two related tracks:

- Flows of trade, finance, investment, migration; uneven development, poverty and sustainability; economic and political relations, global governance; cultural interactions.
- Conflicts and fostering peace; security and destabilising factors…”
Area 4.1: Interactions and interdependences between world regions and their implications

1. *Europe’s role in global economic governance (1st d., l-s p., ic)*
   Understanding interactions between regions of the world, the causes and impacts of their changes, how the rules are developed, the role of and impacts on Europe.

2. *Development paths in an historical and comparative perspective and their impact on Europe (2nd d., sm-s p., csa, ic)*
   Influence of economic, technological, political, and cultural relations on development; paths towards sustainable development.
Specific Programme
Activity 6: Socio-economic and scientific indicators

“To improve the use of indicators in policy..., improvements in indicators and methods:

- How indicators are used...
- How evidence based policy might be supported by indicators...
- Use of indicators and related approaches for evaluation of research programmes, including impact assessment.”
6.1: **Current use of and emerging needs for indicators in policy** *(1st d., sm-s p.)*

Appropriate use of indicators for policy (from macro to micro).

6.2: **Developing better indicators for policy** *(1st d., sm-s p.)*

New Indicators for policy. Impact assessment of EU policies: indicators and methods.

6.3: **Specific statistical issues** *(1st d, sm-s p., csa)*

6.4: Ex post and ex ante impact analysis of research policies and programmes (1st d, sm-s p)

Evaluation (ex post, ex ante) of research activities.

Tools; impact assessment; short to long term estimates.
SSH in FP7 and in FP6, Governance and citizenship: continuity and change

- Consolidate research launched in FP6 or earlier (eg. conflicts, citizenship, governance)
- Keep mainstreaming interdisciplinarity, gender dimensions, policy relevance of research
- New focus: international dimension, ‘Europe in the World’
Specific Programme

Activity 4: Europe in the World

Research involves two related tracks:

• Flows of trade, migration... economic and political relations; global governance; cultural interactions (managed by L2)

• Conflicts, causes and resolution; security and destabilising factors; terrorism, causes and consequences; security-related policies, insecurity, civil-military relations. (managed by L3)

• Horizontal aspects: Europe’s role in the world, multilateralism and international law, the promotion of democracy and fundamental rights, Europe as seen from outside will be addressed (managed by L3)
Area 4.2: Conflicts, peace and human rights

1. Conflicts and peace *(1st d., sm-s p., cso)*
   - Factors leading to violence; early warning; third party mediation; distributive issues; civilians as targets of war; peace keeping/making; disarmament processes; civil/military relations.

2. Rule of law and human rights *(1st d., sm-s p., cso)*
   - Developments in criminal justice, humanitarian law, Geneva Conventions; war crimes; International courts; appeal systems and right of victims; restorative justice; role of women and other civil soc.actors in human rights protection.
Area 4.3: Europe’s changing role in the World

1. Europe seen from outside (2nd d., sm-s p.)
How Europe/EU are seen from people, elites, media, literature outside; influence of historical and other ties/divides; views of immigrants; notions of borders; how views are reported in Europe/considered in policy.

2. Multilateralism and new ext. relations (2nd d., sm-s p.)
Notion/practice of multilateralism & relations with other concepts (hegemony, unilateralism..), and bi-lateral relations (eg. transatlantic rel., neighbourhood policy); accountability issues, citizens’ perceptions of EU role.
Specific Programme
Activity 5: The Citizen in the European Union

Two main strands:

- **Participation, representation, accountability, legitimacy; European public sphere, media and democracy; governance and policy processes; civil society, citizenship and rights** (*managed by L3*)

- **European diversities and commonalities, their historical evolution and institutions; cultural heritage; visions and perspectives on European integration; identities; multiple coexisting cultures; language, arts and religions; attitudes and values** (*managed by L4*)
Area 5.1: Participation and Citizenship in Europe

1. **Democratic “ownership” and participation** *(2nd d., sm-s p., cso)*
   Role of CSO, social partners, parties etc; factors causing non-participation/instruments for effective participation; political participation of expatriates, migrants, minorities, women, youth; education for citizenship; direct participation and representation; access to politics and expertise.

2. **Citizenship within the European Union** *(1st d., sm-s p.)*
   Democratic functioning of the EU; citizens’ rights and broader fundamental rights –including access to judiciary and diplomatic protection; citizens’ involvement in Constitutional processes.
Area 3.3: Cultural interactions in an international perspective

1. **Cultural interactions and multiculturalism in European societies (1st d.,sm-s p.)**
   Historical migrations and transport of languages, cultures, ideas and knowledge, social cohesion, tolerance, racism, xenophobia, integration of migrants or minority groups. Role of media and public discourse in the coexistence of diverse cultures.
Area 5.2: Diversities and commonalities in Europe

1. **Histories and Identities – articulating national and European identities (1st d., sm-s p.)**
   
   European identities, relationship between history and cultural heritage. effects of EU enlargements on the identities in the new Member States.

2. **Creativity, Culture and Democracy (1st d., sm-s p.)**
   
   Societal impact of creativity (literature and the arts), arts and policy. Historical and anthropological perspectives. Role of literature, philosophy, arts in expressing challenges related to e.g. discrimination, human rights, social conflicts.
Specific Programme
Activity 7: Foresight Activities

• Policy oriented, 4 main axes:
  1. Wider socio-economic issues with implications for research policy
  2. Emerging S&T issues
  3. Research actors
  4. Cooperation, mutual learning, open coordination
• Part of Theme 8 Socio-economic Sciences & Humanities but not only dedicated to SSH.
• Focus for 2007
  – Reflects **EU policy priorities**
  – Building-up of activities; ground prepared for wider actions at European level and the preparation of FP8
  – Continuation of FP6 foresight activities
• Top-down and bottom-up:
  – Expert groups; calls for tender; **call for proposals**, support actions
Work Programme 2007
Activity 7: Foresight Activities

1. Blue Sky Research on Emerging Issues Affecting European S&T
   (2nd d., sm-s p.)

- Relates to three first axes of the specific programme;
- Identification of emerging issues that could have far-reaching implications
  for European S&T (including FP8);
- Situated outside conventional frameworks;
- Present innovative and new action strands;
- Demand some risk-taking, original vision, and creative approach;
- Example of issues: complex dynamics in and between scientific disciplines
  or within and between industries; developments in energy, demography,
  global stability, poverty, sustainable development.
The SSH programme offers a wide spectrum of challenging and stimulating research areas: 38 topics for the 1st call for proposals (two years).

An integrated approach is necessary for most of the topics, even if each area has often its own “driving force(s)”. Both quantitative and qualitative analyses will be necessary (when relevant).

The research areas are generally related to issues on the top of the EU political agenda: a good reason to be well informed of EU policies and to ensure a good dissemination plan of the results for their future use.
In conclusion (2)

- For many subjects, the EU research does not “start from scratch”. It is recommended to be aware of the outcome of the previous programmes and the nature of the ongoing projects (6th FP and elsewhere).

- Global issues call for cooperation at the global level; true opportunities to involve third countries exist in many topics (12 topics with an explicit request).

- **Equal opportunities** exist for all the European countries participating to the 7th FP. New areas should help to increase diversity in the research workforce. A balanced representation of women and men in the projects is encouraged.
Thank you for your attention

This programme is your programme!